

Worksheet #17: Some simple PDE's

- (1) Find a general solution to $tu_{xx} - 4u_x = 0$. [Hint: Try a substitution.]

let $v = u_x$

$$tV_x - 4V = 0 \rightarrow V_x - \frac{4}{t}V = 0$$

linear use integrating factor $\mu = e^{-4x/t}$

$$(e^{-4x/t}V)' = 0 \rightarrow V = Ce^{4x/t}$$

$$\rightarrow u'(x) = Ce^{4x/t} \rightarrow u(x) = \frac{Ct}{4} e^{4x/t} + D$$

- (2) (a) Find a general solution to $u_{xt} + \frac{u_t}{x} = \frac{t}{x^2}$. [Hint: Try integrating with respect to t first.]

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(u_x + \frac{u}{x} \right) = \frac{t}{x^2}$$

integrate wrt t

$$u_x + \frac{u}{x} = \frac{t^2}{2x^2}$$

now use integrating factor $\mu = e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} = x$

$$(xu)' = \frac{t^2}{2x} \rightarrow xu = \frac{t^2}{2} \ln x + C \rightarrow u(x) = \frac{t^2}{2x} \ln x + \frac{C}{x}$$

- (b) Check that your solution satisfies the original PDE.

$$u_x = \frac{t^2}{2} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} \ln x \right) - \frac{C}{x^2} \quad u_t = \frac{2t}{2x} \ln x \quad u_{xt} = t \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} \ln x \right)$$

$$u_{xt} + \frac{u_t}{x} = \frac{t}{x^2} - \frac{t}{x^2} \ln x + \frac{t}{x^2} \ln x = \frac{t}{x^2} \quad \checkmark$$

- (b) Can you integrate with respect to x first?

yes let $v = u_t$

$$v_x + \frac{v}{x} = \frac{t}{x^2}$$

use an integrating factor

- (c) If you want to solve an ODE in x first, try it. Do you get the same answer?

Yes you will get the same answer.