## Worksheet #16: Green's functions

Consider the differential operator

$$A = -\frac{d^2}{dx^2}$$

on [0,1] with Dirichlet boundary conditions. We wish to find a Green's function for problems of the form

$$Au = f$$
$$u(0) = u(1) = 0.$$

In this worksheet, we will derive the Green's function.

• Write the general solution to Au=0.

• Solve for  $u_1(x)$  which only satisfies the left-hand boundary conditions.

• Solve for  $u_2(x)$  which only satisfies the right-hand boundary conditions.

Solve for 
$$u_2(x)$$
 which only satisfies the right-hand boundary conditions.

$$U_2(1) = A + B = 0 \Rightarrow A = -B$$

$$U_2(0) = A(1-X) \Rightarrow \text{let } A = 1 \quad U_2(0) = 1-X$$

• Compute the Wronskian. ie  $W = \det \left( \begin{bmatrix} u_1(x) & u_2(x) \\ u'_1(x) & u'_2(x) \end{bmatrix} \right)$ 

$$\begin{vmatrix} x & 1-x \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -X - (1-x) = -X - [1+X] = -1$$

• Write  $g(x,\xi)$ .  $\mathcal{P} = -1$ 

$$g(x, \S) = \begin{cases} -u_1(x) u_2(\S) = -x (\S-1) \\ p(\S) w(\S) = -(1-x) \end{cases}$$

$$-u_2(x) u(\S) = -(1-x) \S$$
• Sketch  $g(x, \S)$  in the box  $[0, 1]^2$ . Do you notice anything?