Quiz 2

Rings, ideals and Arithmetic

1. Let $A, B \in \mathbb{R}[X]$ be polynomials and consider the rational function $f(X) = \frac{A(X)}{B(X)}$. Prove that there exist polynomials $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}[X]$ such that:

$$f(X) = \alpha(X) + \frac{\beta(X)}{B(X)}$$
 and $d^{\circ}(\beta) < d^{\circ}(B)$.

2. Let *A* be a commutative ring with identity 1_A and *J* an ideal in *A*.

It is well-known that A/J is a commutative ring with identity (do **not** prove it).

a. Recall **without justification** what $0_{A/J}$ and $1_{A/J}$ are.

b. Let $x \in A$. Verify that the set $J_x = \{ax + j ; a \in A, j \in J\}$ is an ideal in A.

c. Prove that if J is a maximal ideal, then A/J is a field.

3. Let *A* and *B* be rings, *I* an ideal in *A* and $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(A, B)$ a ring homomorphism. Find a necessary and sufficient condition on φ for the function

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \tilde{\varphi}: A/I & \longrightarrow & B \\ [a] & \longmapsto & \varphi(a) \end{array}$$

to be well-defined.

4. Let *A* be a commutative ring. Recall that a proper ideal *I* in *A* is said *prime* if for $a, b \in A$,

$$ab \in I \implies a \in I \text{ or } b \in I.$$

a. Determine all the prime ideals in \mathbb{Z} .

b. Assume that in the ring *A*, every ideal is of the form $\langle a \rangle = aA$ for some $a \in A$. Prove that in such a ring, prime ideals are maximal. <u>Reminder</u> (do **not** prove this): an intersection of ideals is an ideal.

c. Describe the ideal $\langle 4 \rangle \cap \langle 6 \rangle$ of \mathbb{Z} .

d. Let $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$. Describe the ideal $\langle m \rangle \cap \langle n \rangle$ of \mathbb{Z} .