## Dartmouth College

Mathematics 23 - Assn2

1. Consider the differential equation $y^{\prime}=y^{3}$.
(a) Find all solutions of this differential equation.
(b) Find the particular solution satisfying $y(0)=0$.
(c) Find the particular solution satisfying $y(0)=1$. What is the largest interval on which this solution is defined?
2. (Lebl: 1.3.) Solve $\frac{d y}{d x}=x y+x+y+1$. (Hint: Factor the right hand side.)
3. (Lebl 1.39) Solve $y^{\prime}=x e^{-y}, y(0)=1$
4. Boyce and DiPrima: p. 17: 15
5. Boyce and DiPrima: p. 75: 1 (explain)
6. Boyce and DiPrima: p. 76: 22(a,b).
