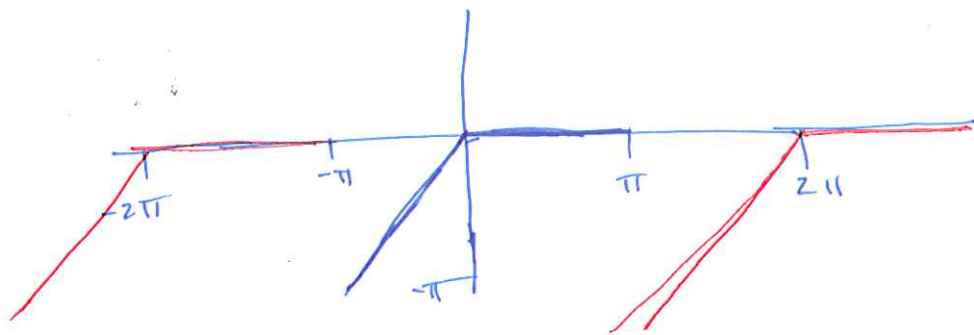


Ex Find the Fourier Series representation of  
 $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{for } -\pi \leq x \leq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi. \end{cases}$

The Fourier series will be  $2\pi$  periodic.  
 What will it look like



— = original.

- Fourier representation.

What is  $L$ ?  $L = \pi$ .

Now to make the coefficients.

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_{-\pi}^0 = \left( 0 - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right) \frac{1}{\pi} = -\frac{\pi^2}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\pi} \right) = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$a_m = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{m\pi x}{L}\right) dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \cos(mx) dx$$

$$u = x \\ du = dx$$

$$v = \frac{1}{m} \sin(mx) \\ dv = \cos(mx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \left[ \underbrace{\frac{x}{m} \sin(mx)}_{=0} \Big|_{-\pi}^0 - \int_{-\pi}^0 \frac{1}{m} \sin(mx) dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \left( -\frac{1}{m^2} \cos(mx) \Big|_{-\pi}^0 \right) = \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{m^2} (1 - \underbrace{\cos(m\pi)})$$

$$= \frac{1}{m^2 L} (1 - (-1)^m) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } m \text{ is even} \\ \frac{2}{\pi m^2} & \text{if } m \text{ is odd.} \end{cases} = (-1)^m$$

Now to find  $b_m$ 's.

$$\begin{aligned} b_m &= \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{L}\right) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \sin(mx) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left( \frac{x}{m} \cos(mx) \Big|_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{m} \int_{-\pi}^0 \cos(mx) dx \right) \quad \begin{array}{l} u=x \\ du=dx \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} v = \frac{1}{m} \cos(mx) \\ dv = -\sin(mx) dx \end{array} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left( 0 + \left( \frac{-\pi}{m} \cos(m\pi) \right) + \frac{1}{m^2} \sin(mx) \Big|_{-\pi}^0 \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{m} (-1)^{m+1} \end{aligned}$$

→ The Fourier series is

$$f(x) \approx \frac{-\pi}{4} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{2 \cos((2m-1)x)}{\pi (2m-1)^2} - \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{m} \sin(mx) \right]$$