

Math 13 Worksheet #14: Curl and divergence

- (1) Find the curl and divergence of  $F(x, y, z) = \langle e^x \sin y, e^y \sin z, e^z \sin x \rangle$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Curl } \vec{F} = \nabla \times \vec{F} &= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ e^x \sin y & e^y \sin z & e^z \sin x \end{vmatrix} = \vec{i}(0 - e^y \cos z) - \vec{j}(e^z \cos x - 0) \\ &\quad + \vec{k}(0 - e^x \cos y) \\ &= -e^y \cos z \vec{i} - e^z \cos x \vec{j} - e^x \cos y \vec{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{div } F = e^x \sin y + e^y \sin z + e^z \sin x$$

- (2) Determine if the vector field  $F(x, y, z) = \langle 1, \sin z, y \cos z \rangle$  is conservative. If it is, find a function  $f$  such that  $\nabla f = F$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Curl } \vec{F} &= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ 1 & \sin z & y \cos z \end{vmatrix} = \vec{i}(\cos z - \cos z) - \vec{j}(0 - 0) + \vec{k}(0 - 0) \\ &= \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle \Rightarrow F \text{ is conservative.} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x + y \cos z + \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{constant}}}{k}$$

- (3) Determine if the vector field  $F(x, y, z) = \langle 3xy^2z^2, 2x^2yz^2, x^2y^2z \rangle$  is conservative. If it is, find a function  $f$  such that  $\nabla f = F$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Curl } \vec{F} &= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ 3xy^2z^2 & 2x^2yz^2 & x^2y^2z \end{vmatrix} = \vec{i}(4xy^2z^2 - 6xy^2z^2) - \vec{j}(2xy^2z - 6xy^2z) \\ &\quad + \vec{k}(4xy^2z^2 - 6xy^2z^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\neq \vec{0} \Rightarrow \vec{F} \text{ is not conservative.}$$

- (4) Show that any vector field of the form  $F(x, y, z) = f(y, z)\vec{i} + g(x, z)\vec{j} + h(x, y)\vec{k}$  is incompressible.

4) incompressible  $\Rightarrow \nabla \cdot \vec{F} = 0$ .

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{d}{dx}(f(y,z)) + \frac{d}{dy}(g(x,z)) + \frac{d}{dz}(h(x,y))$$

$$= 0 \quad \checkmark$$