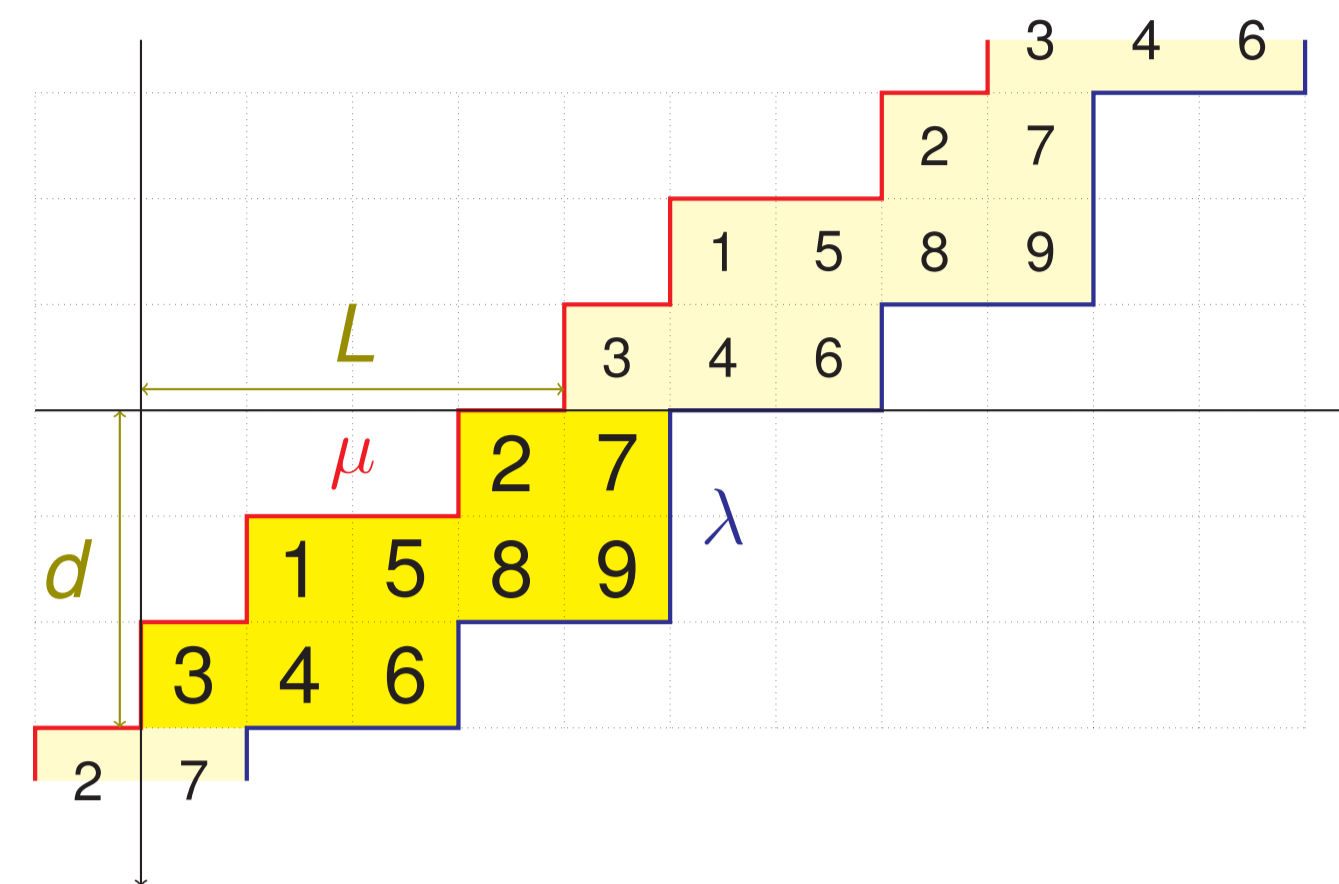




Standard cylindric tableaux (SCT)

An SCT of period $(d, L) = (3, 4)$ with inner shape $\mu = [3, 1, 0]$ and outer shape $\lambda = [5, 5, 3]$:



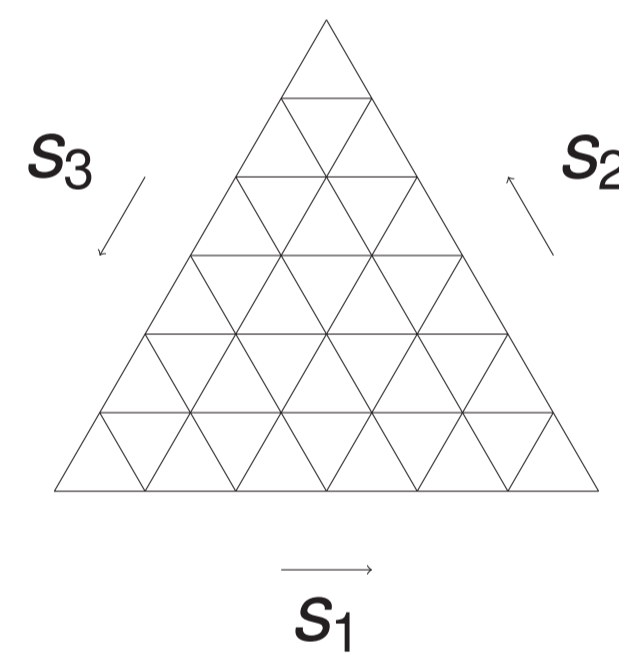
Cylindric partitions were introduced by Gessel and Krattenthaler [2], and semistandard cylindric tableaux have been studied by Postnikov [6] in connection to Gromov–Witten invariants, and by Neyman [5] in connection to RSK. The resulting cylindric Schur functions have been further studied by McNamara [3].

Walks in simplicial regions

Consider walks in

$$\Delta_{d,L} = \{(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_d) \in \mathbb{N}^d : x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_d = L\}$$

with steps $s_i = e_{i+1} - e_i$ for $1 \leq i \leq n$, with the convention $e_{d+1} := e_1$.



Theorem 1 (Mortimer–Prellberg [4])

The number of n -step walks in $\Delta_{3,L}$ starting at $(L, 0, \dots, 0)$ equals the number of certain Motzkin paths of bounded height.

A complicated bijective proof is given in [1], along with the following.

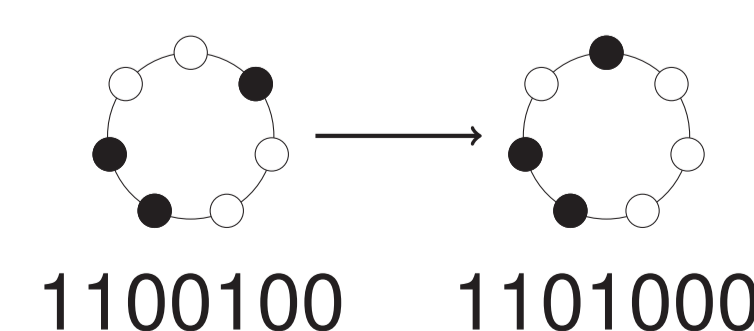
Theorem 2 (Courtiet–Elvey Price–Marcovici [1])

For any $\mathbf{x} \in \Delta_{d,L}$, there is a bijection

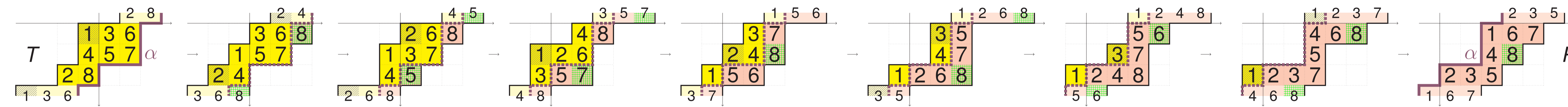
$$\{n\text{-step walks starting at } \mathbf{x}\} \longleftrightarrow \{n\text{-step walks ending at } \mathbf{x}\}$$

Totally asymmetric simple exclusion process (TASEP)

States of the TASEP on the cycle are binary words with d ones (representing particles) and L zeros. Each particle can jump counterclockwise if the adjacent site is empty. Let $\mathcal{E}_{d,L}$ be the underlying graph.



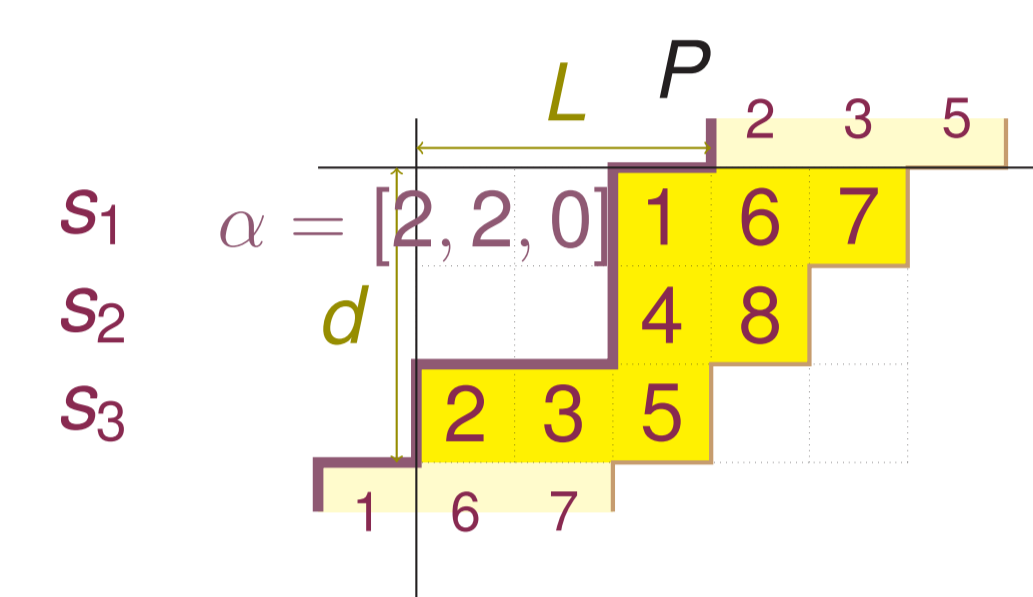
Cylindric Robinson–Schensted insertion [5]



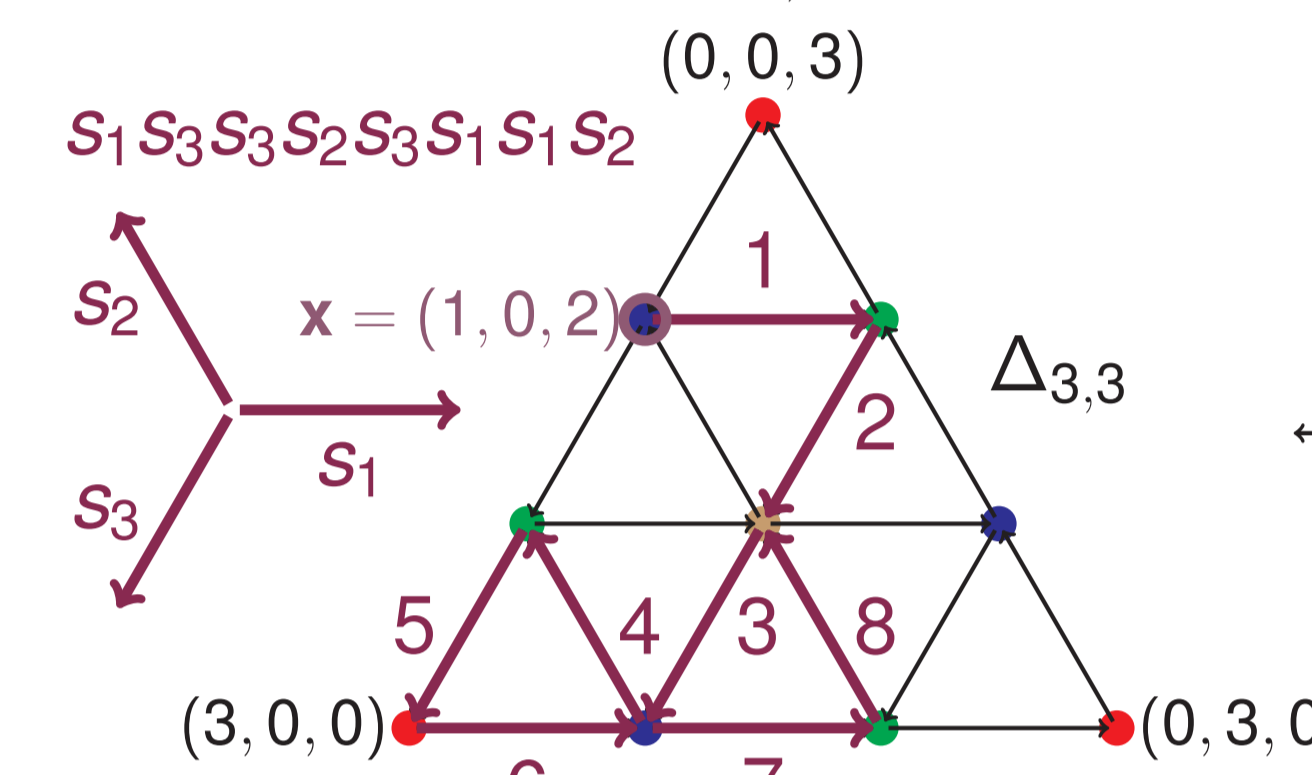
Our bijections

Let α be a cylindric shape of period (d, L) , let $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_d) \in \Delta_{d,L}$ where $x_i = \alpha_{i-1} - \alpha_i$ for $1 \leq i \leq d$, and let $u = 0^{x_1} 10^{x_2} 1 \dots 0^{x_d} 1$. Let α' be the conjugate of α , let $\mathbf{y} = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_d) \in \Delta_{d,L}$ where $y_j = \alpha'_{j-1} - \alpha_j$ for $1 \leq j \leq L$, and let $u^{rc} = 01^{x_d} 01^{x_{d-1}} \dots 01^{x_1}$.

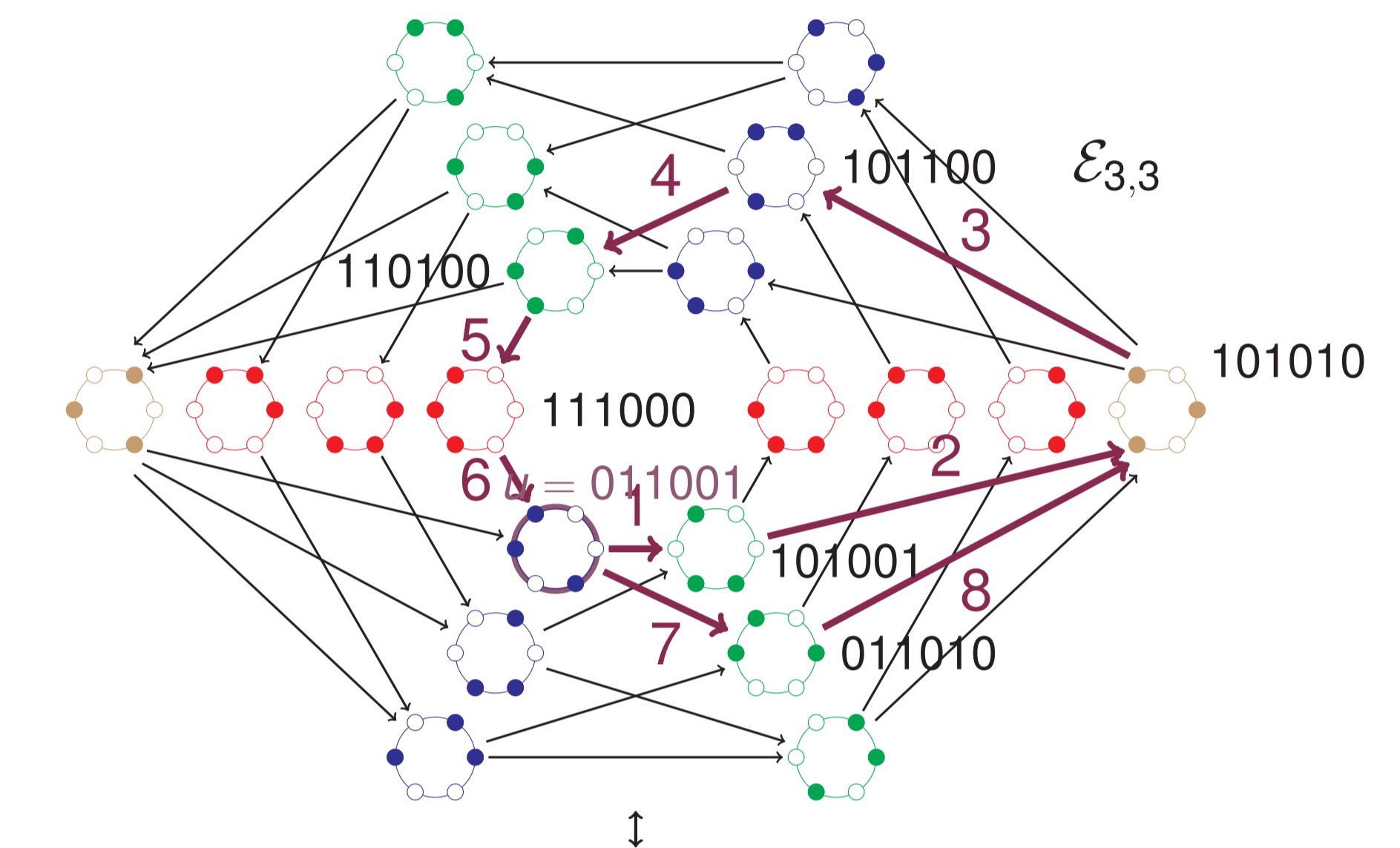
SCT of period (d, L) with n cells and inner shape α



n -step walks in $\Delta_{d,L}$ starting at \mathbf{x}



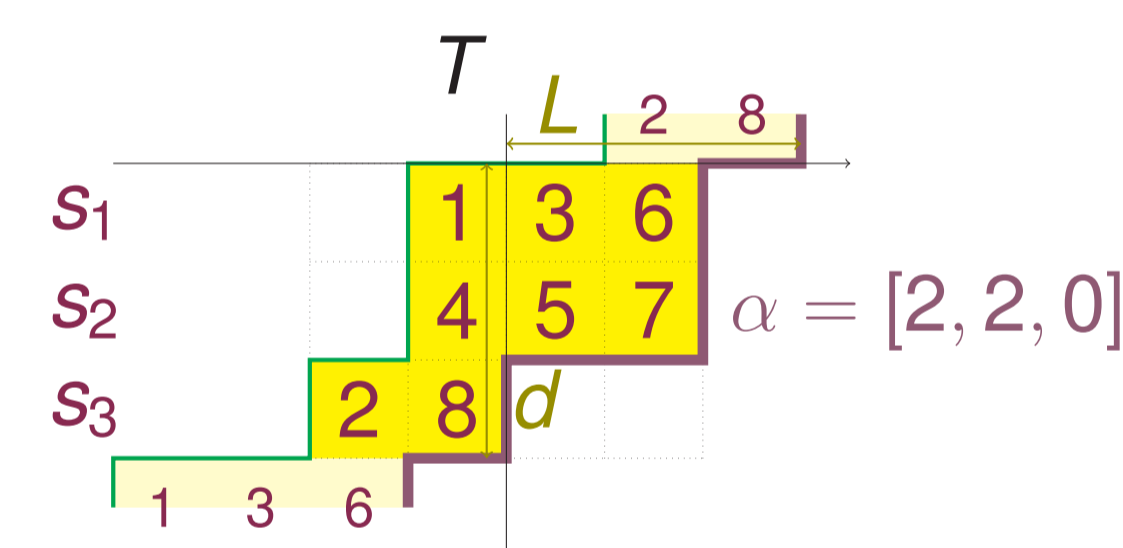
n -step walks in $\mathcal{E}_{d,L}$ starting at u



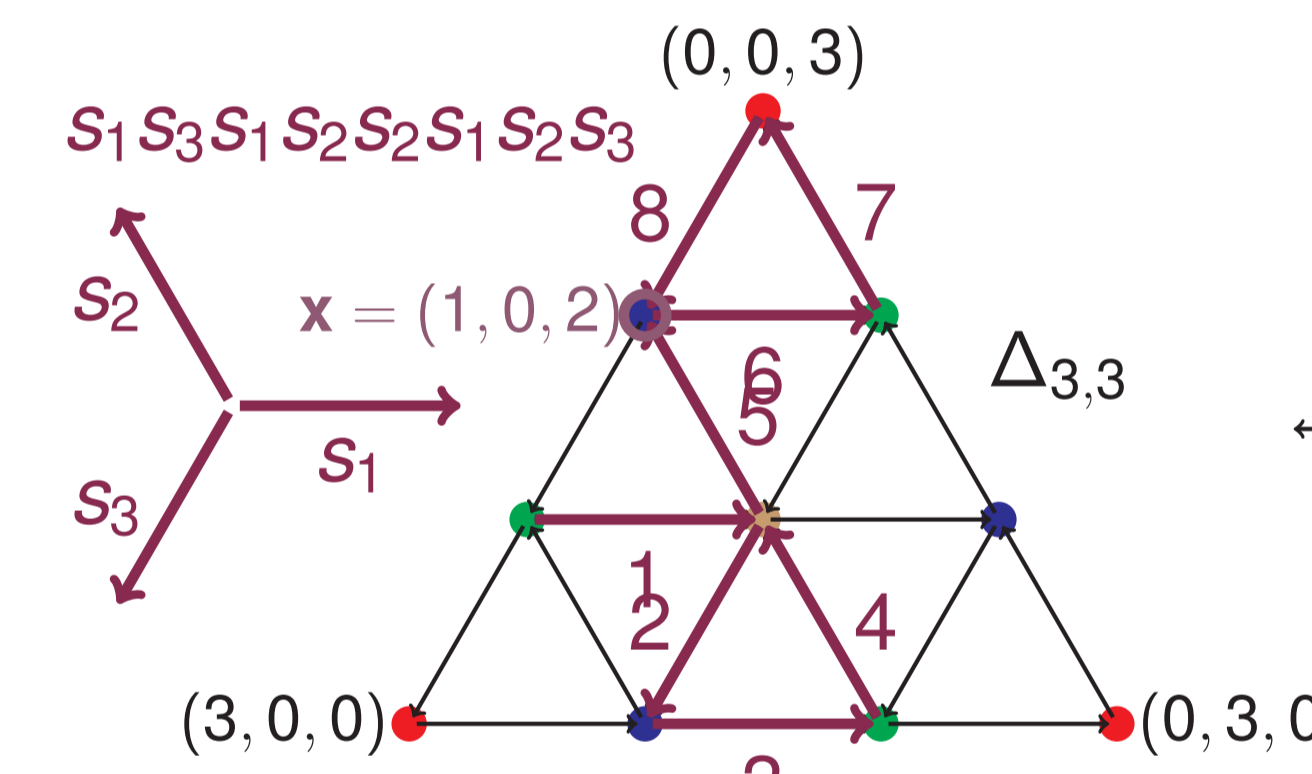
cylindric Robinson–Schensted insertion

new proof of Theorem 2

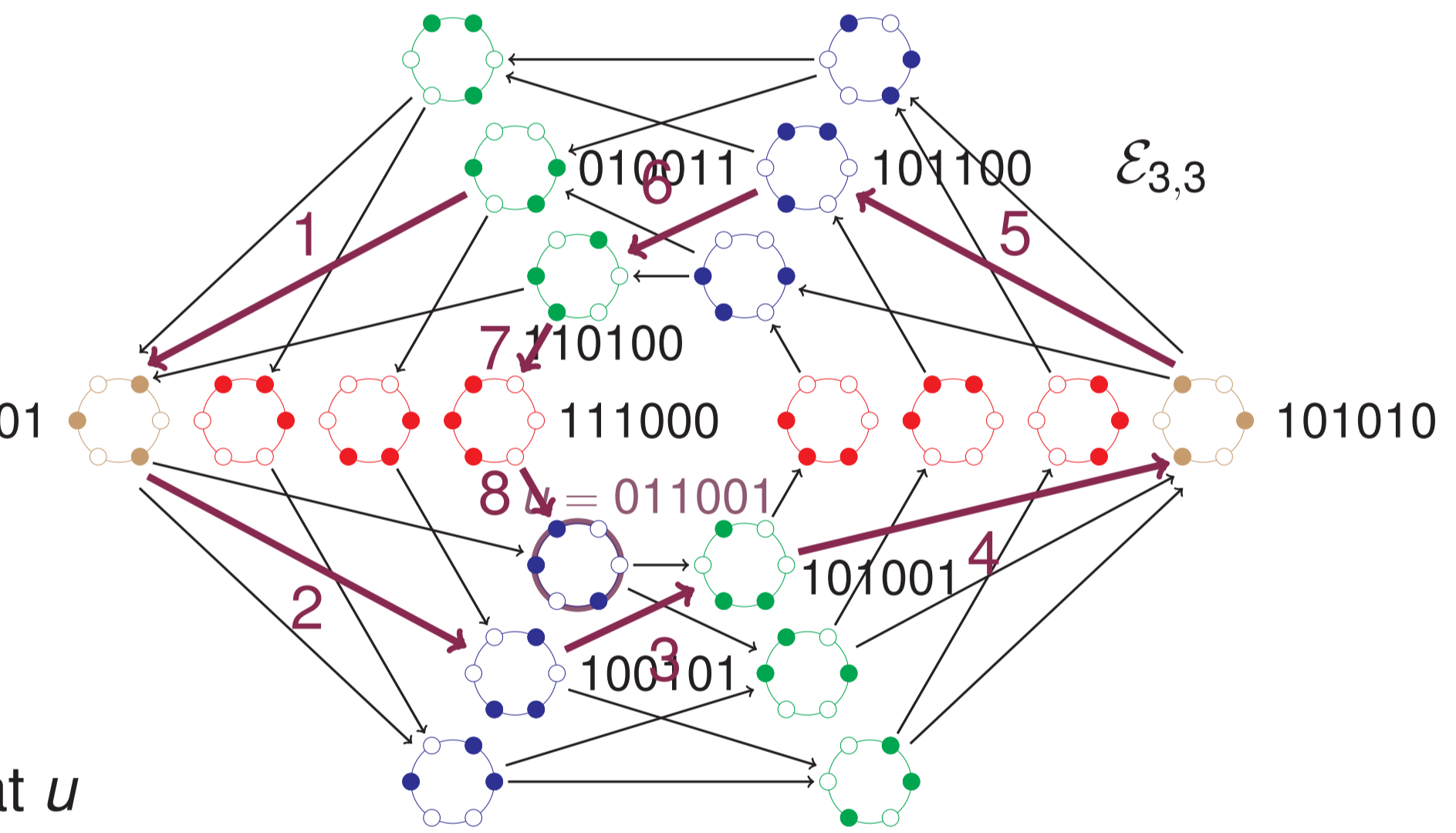
SCT of period (d, L) with n cells and outer shape α



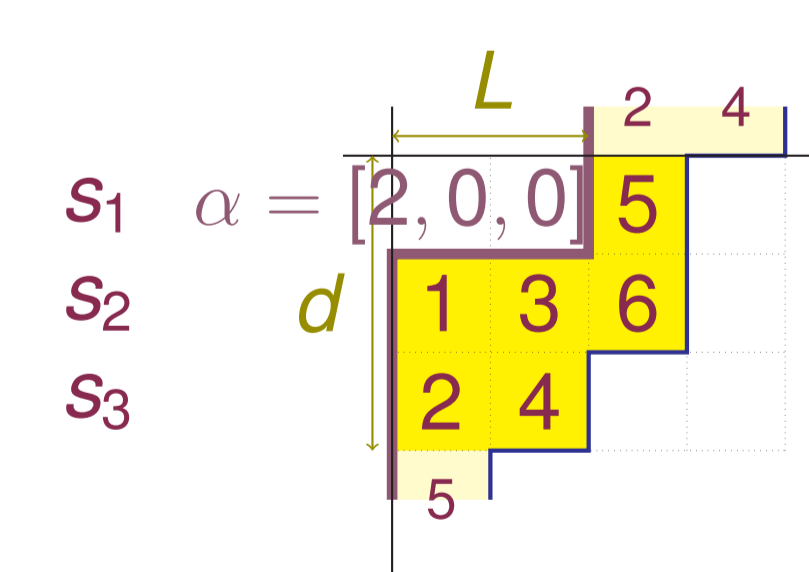
n -step walks in $\Delta_{d,L}$ ending at \mathbf{x}



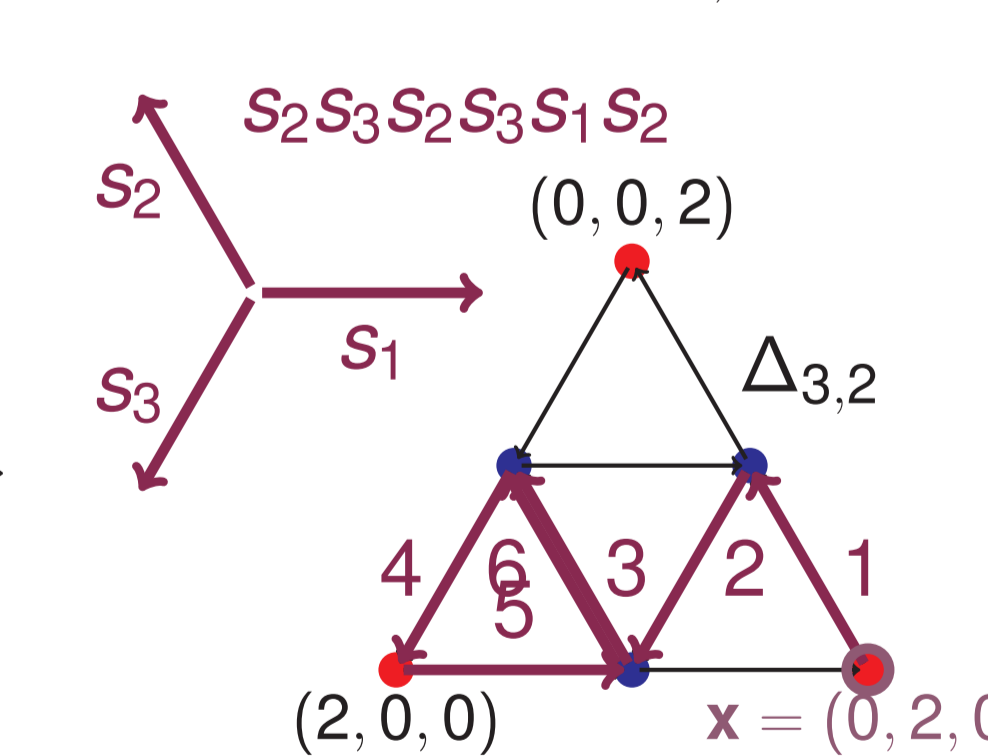
n -step walks in $\mathcal{E}_{d,L}$ ending at u



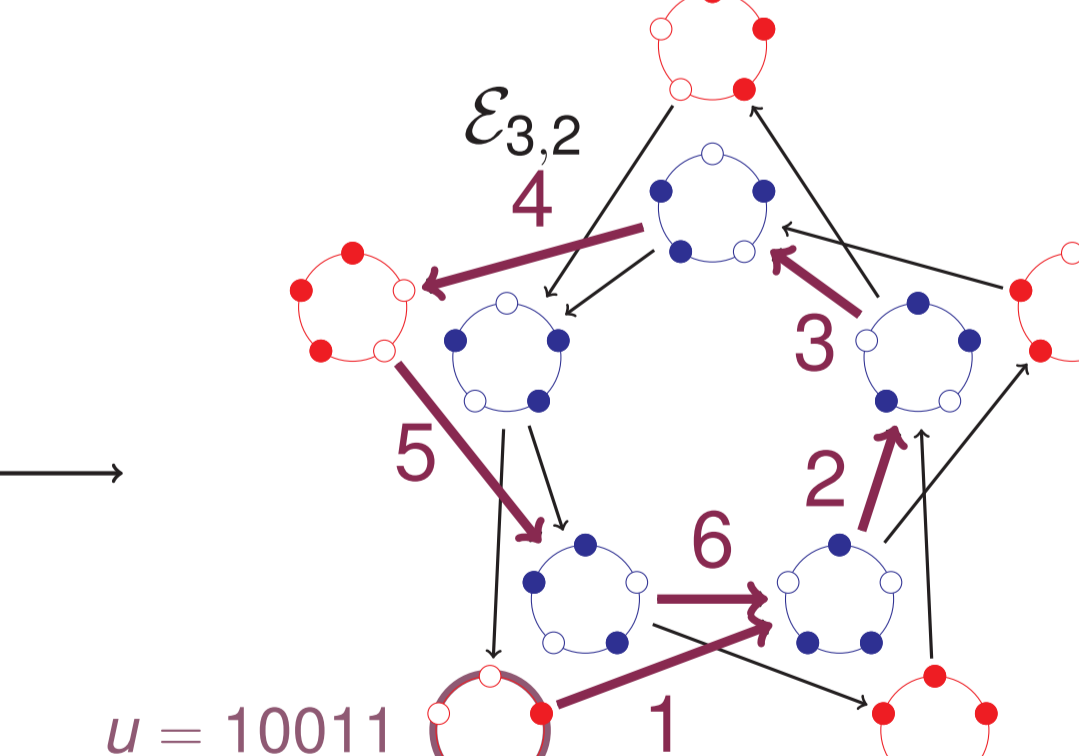
SCT of period (L, d) with n cells and inner shape α



n -step walks in $\Delta_{d,L}$ starting at \mathbf{x}



n -step walks in $\mathcal{E}_{d,L}$ starting at u

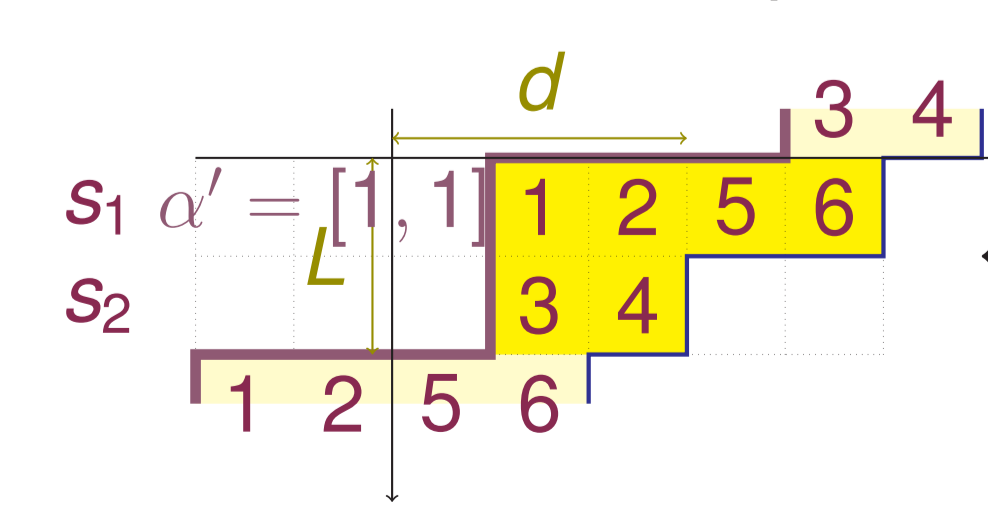


conjugate

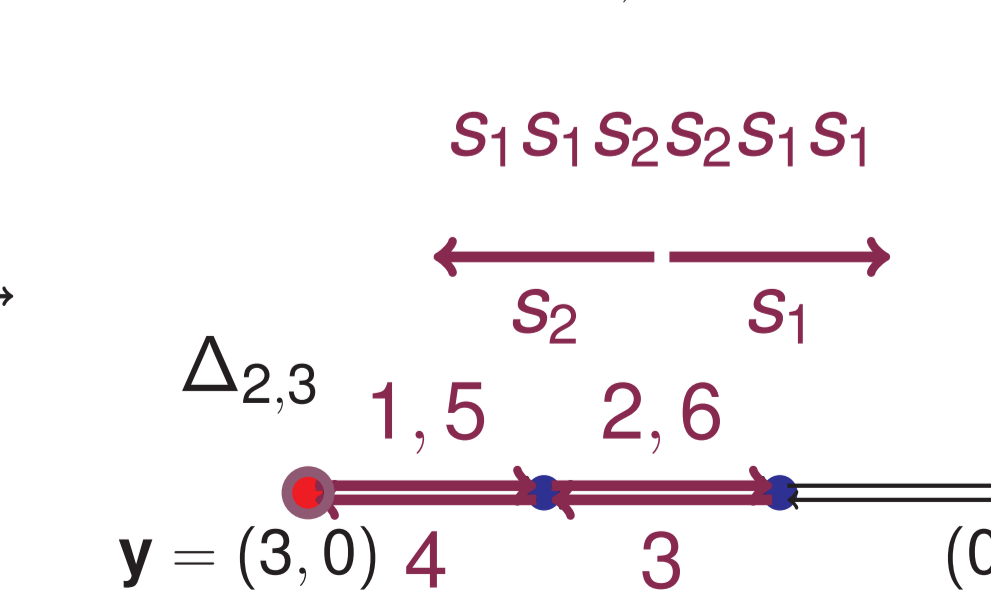
new bijection

reverse-complement

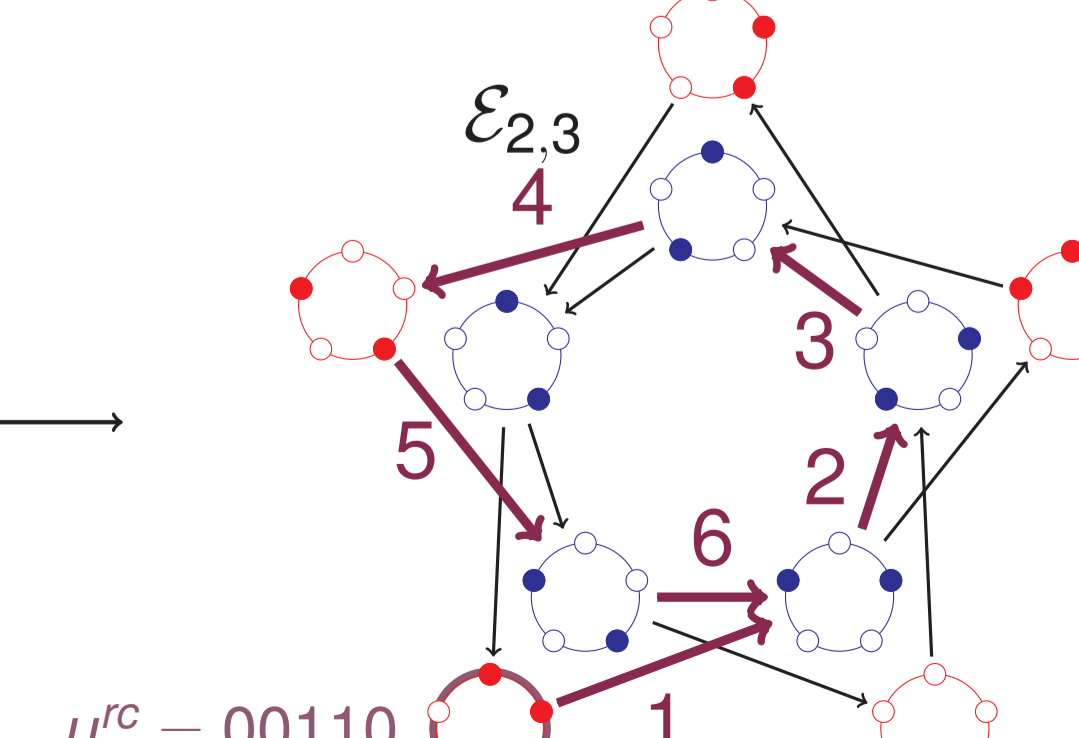
SCT of period (d, L) with n cells and inner shape α'



n -step walks in $\Delta_{L,d}$ starting at \mathbf{y}



n -step walks in $\mathcal{E}_{L,d}$ starting at u^{rc}



References

- [1] J. Courtiet, A. Elvey Price and I. Marcovici, Bijections between walks inside a triangular domain and Motzkin paths of bounded amplitude, *Electron. J. Combin.* 28, #2.6 (2021).
- [2] I. M. Gessel and C. Krattenthaler, Cylindric partitions, *Trans. Amer. Math. Soc.* 349, 429–479 (1997).
- [3] P. McNamara, Cylindric skew Schur functions, *Adv. Math.* 205, 275–312 (2006).
- [4] P. Mortimer and T. Prellberg, On the number of walks in a triangular domain, *Electron. J. Combin.* 22, #1.64 (2015).
- [5] E. Neyman, Cylindric Young Tableaux and their Properties, *arXiv:1410.5039 [math]*.
- [6] A. Postnikov, Affine approach to quantum Schubert calculus, *Duke Math. J.*, 128, 473–509 (2005).