Reading Assignment # 4

Math 13 - Prof. Orellana

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Read Sections 2.3 and 2.4 (Math 8 review)

Don't forget to give page numbers in the book where you found the answer.

- 1. Define the partial derivative of a scalar function of two variables. Look at figures 2.45 and 2.46 and explain what these pictures mean.
- 2. Read Example 3 in Section 2.3 and tell me why did we have to use the definition of derivative to compute the partial derivatives at (0,0).
- 3. Tell me how to compute the equation of the tangent plane at a point (a, b) given a function $f: X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$. The steps are outlined in page 111, basically I want to know how the formula is derived.
- 4. What does Theorem 3.3 say?
- 5. What is the point of Example 4? Read the example and the paragraph after the example to answer this question.
- 6. How do we define "f(x, y) is differentiable at (a, b)"?
- 7. Read Theorem 3.5, what does "open" mean? If you don't remember, look in the index and tell me how it is defined and in what page.
- 8. Let $f: X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$, write the general formula for Df(x,y) and tell me the size of this matrix.
- 9. State the "Grand definition of Differentiability". What is stronger to say that a function is differentiable at a point **a** or to say that all partial derivatives exist at the point **a**, use the definition to explain your answer.
- 10. What does it mean to say $\mathbf{h}(\mathbf{x})$ is a "good linear approximation to \mathbf{f} near \mathbf{a} "?