Principles of Calculus Modeling: An Interactive Approach by Donald Kreider, Dwight Lahr, and Susan Diesel Exercises for Section 1.6

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10. (1 pt) **1.** (1 pt) Simplify the following expression: Where does the graph of $\ln(x) - \ln(7 - x) + 2 = y$ cross the x- $\ln(e^{1/5}e^{8/7}) =$ _____ axis? Your answer must be a number in decimal or scientific nota $x = _{-}$ tion, or a fraction. **11.** (1 pt) Find all solutions to the equation $2\ln(x) = \ln(75 - 10x)$. Enter 2. (1 pt) the solutions below in increasing order; leave any unused an-Simplify the following expression: swer boxes blank. $e^{2\ln\cos(5x)} + \left(\ln e^{\sin(5x)}\right)^2 = -$ Your answer must be a number in decimal or scientific notation, or a fraction. **12.** (1 pt) **3.** (1 pt) Find all solutions to the equation $\ln(x) + \ln(x+6) =$ Simplify the following expression: 4.71849887129509. Enter the solutions below in increasing or- $30 \ln \sqrt{e} + 16 \ln e^{1/8} =$ _____ der; leave any unused answer boxes blank. Your answer must be a number in decimal or scientific notation, or a fraction. **4.** (1 pt) Solve the following equation for x: **13.** (1 pt) $3^{x+7} = 8^x$ Consider the function $f(x) = e^{x+6} + 6$. Determine the inverse $x = _$ function and its domain. $f^{-1}(x) =$ _____ **5.** (1 pt) Domain of f^{-1} : all values of x such that x > xSolve the following equation for x: $\ln(\ln(5x)) = 0$ **14.** (1 pt) $x = _$ Consider the function $f(x) = 7(5^{x+4}) + 2$. Determine the inverse **6.** (1 pt) function and its domain. Solve the following equation for x: $f^{-1}(x) =$ _____ $\ln(x^{1/4}) + \ln(x^{7/4}) = 1$ Domain of f^{-1} : all values of x such that x > 1x =____ 7. (1 pt) **15.** (1 pt) Solve the following equation for x: The growth of a sample of bacteria over time is modeled by the $\ln(x+16) = \ln(x) + \ln(16)$ equation $y(t) = 2^{0.05t+2}$, with t measured in hours. At what time *x* = _____ does the bacteria population reach 124? t =____ _____ hours 8. (1 pt) Simplify the following expression: **16.** (1 pt) $e^{x-\ln x} + \ln(xe^x) = \underline{\qquad}$ The noise of a rocket engine (as measured in decibels from sea level) is modeled by the equation $y(t) = 16^{1/(3t+0.03)}$, with t **9.** (1 pt) measured in minutes. At what time does the noise level drop Where does the graph of $e^{-9x} - 10 = y$ cross the x-axis? below 2 decibels? x =____ ____ minutes *t* = _____

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